ST. ANDREWS SCOTS SCHOOL

Adjacent Navniti Apartments,

I.P. Extension, Patparganj, Delhi-110092

Session: 2025-2026

Class: VI

Subject: Science

Chapter: Methods of Separation In Everyday Life

CHECKPOINT 1.

1. (c)

2. (e)

3. (d) **4.** (a) **5.** (b)

CHECKPOINT 2.

1. residue 2. evaporation 3. Solution 4. Filtration, Evaporation

PRACTICE TIME

A. Tick the correct answers.

1. (d)

2. (c)

3. (d)

4. (a)

5. (c)

6. (a)

B. Assertion and Reason:

1. (a)

2. (d)

3. (b)

4. (c)

5. (b)

C. True or false

1. False

2. True

3. False

4. True

5. False

D. Very short answer type questions.

- 1. Winnowing is the method of separating husk from grains with the help of wind.
- 2. Filtration
- **3.** A method of separation in which components having magnetic properties are separated by using a magnet is called magnetic separation.
- 4. Winnowing.
- **5.** In the process of filtration, the liquid that flows through the filter paper is called filtrate.

E. Short answer type questions.

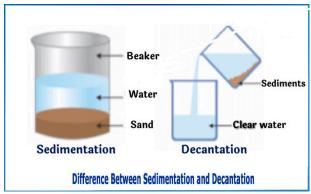
1. (a) The process used to separate grains from stalks with the help of

machines, animals or manually is called threshing.

(b) The method of separating a mixture into its components by hand is called handpicking.



- 2. Sea water is trapped in shallow pits and is left in the sun for long to evaporate, leaving the salts behind. This mixture of salts is then purified to obtain common salt.
- **3**. Impurities and bran are separated from flour by using the method of sieving. This is done because these impurities contaminate our food and may harm our health.
- **4**. The components of a mixture are separated for the following reasons:
 - To obtain two different but useful components of mixture.
 - To remove harmful components or impurities of a mixture.
 - To remove useless components of a mixture.
- **5.** (a) The process of setting down heavier insoluble substance (sediment) in a mixture is called sedimentation.
- **(b)** The process of pouring out of liquid without disturbing the sediment is called decantation.



6. Filtration is a better method to separate sand from water because when a mixture of sand and water is allowed to pass through a filter paper, only

water passes through it and sand does not, so components are separated.

7.

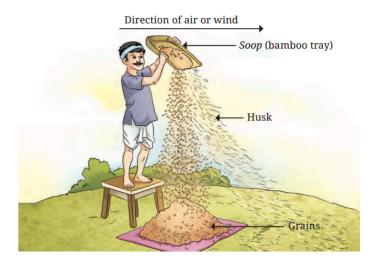
Sediment	Residue
1. The substance that settles at	1. The substance that
the bottom of a liquid is called	remains in the filter
sediment.	paper is called resid
	ue.
2. It is heavier than the liquid.	2. It may be heavier or lighter
_	than the liquid.
3. It is separated using	3. It is collected by filtration
decantation method.	method.

- **8**. The method of handpicking is used to separate only those mixtures in which the components:
- (a) are mixed in small quantities.
- (b)can be easily picked by hand.
- (c)have different sizes, shapes or colours.

F. Long answer Type Questions

- 1. We will separate the components of a mixture of sand and common salt by using the method of filtration and evaporation as follows:

 Take a beaker and pour a little amount of samples into it. Now, add plenty of water and stir well using a glass rod. Thereafter, filter this mixture using a filter paper. Here, salt dissolved in water passes through filter paper and sand is separated as residue. Now, heat the filtrate collected in another beaker till all the water evaporates. Common salt is left in the beaker.
- 2. Winnowing is the method of separating husk from grains with the help of wind. In this process, the mixture of grains and husk obtained after threshing is taken in a winnowing basket. The farmer stands on a raised platform and holds the basket at his shoulder height. He then tilts the basket allowing the mixture to fall down slowly, shaking it continuously. The lighter husk particles get carried away by wind, whereas the heavier grains fall down vertically on the ground forming a heap. Thus, husk and grains are separated.



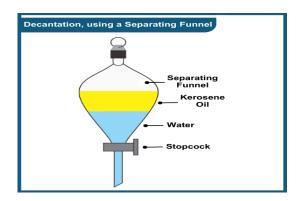
3. Sieving is a method of separating a mixture of various sized particles by passing them through a suitable sieve.

Pebbles are separated from chalk powder by using a larger sieve at a construction site to prepare a uniform mixture of sand, cement and water which is used to construct a wall with the setting of bricks.



- **4.** To separate a mixture of chalk powder and water, take a filter paper and place it in a funnel after making its cone. Pour the mixture containing chalk powder and water over the filter paper using a glass rod. Clear water gets collected in the beaker kept below the funnel and chalk powder remains in the filter paper.
- **5.**The mixture of cooking oil (mustard oil) and water can be separated using a separating funnel.

Pour the mixture containing mustard oil and water into a separating funnel. Allow it to stand for some time. Now, place a beaker below the separating funnel. Mustard oil and water form two separate layers. Water forms the lower layer and mustard oil forms the upper layer. Open the stopcock and allow the water to flow through it. When all the water flows down, close the stopcock. On opening the stopcock, water flows through it and gets collected in the beaker and mustard oil remains in the separating funnel, which can be collected in a separate beaker.



- **6.(a)** Tea granules are not separated by evaporation because the useful component 'tea' will be lost.
 - **(b)**Small stones and husk are harmful components so they are separated from *dal* or rice before cooking.
 - (c) Pebbles are separated from sand to prepare a uniform mixture of sand, cement and water which is used to construct a wall with the setting of bricks.
 - (d) Handpicking is applicable when the components are mixed in small quantities and can be easily picked up. Thus, farmer is not able to apply this method for a large amount of crop.
- **7.(a)** The method used for separating insoluble solids in liquids is filtration, whereas the method used for separating soluble solids in liquids is evaporation.

Filtration	Evaporation
1. A filter paper is used for separation.	1. Heat is used to evaporate liquid.
2. The insoluble solid remains in the filter paper.	2. The soluble solid remains in the pan.
	3. The liquid gets evaporated and mixes with air. It can be get back by condensation.

- (b)In the process of threshing, grains are separated from stalks while in winnowing, husk is separated from grains with the help of wind. Threshing is done manually by using human power or by using animal power like bullocks or with the help of machines. Winnowing is carried out manually or with the help of machines.
- (c) The process of settling down of sediment in a mixture is called sedimentation. The process of pouring out of liquid without disturbing the sediment is called decantation. Decantation is done after sedimentation.

G. HOTS questions

- 1. insoluble, filtration, fine, two a-mud water, b-funnel/filter paper, c-residue, d-filtrate
- 2. No, as salt and sugar both are soluble in water so no residue is left on filter paper when the solution of their mixture is filtered